G05FEF - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05FEF generates a vector of pseudo-random variates from a beta distribution with parameters a and b.

2 Specification

SUBROUTINE GOSFEF(A, B, N, X, IFAIL) INTEGER N, IFAIL real A, B, X(N)

3 Description

The beta distribution has PDF (probability density function):

$$f(x) = \frac{\Gamma(a+b)}{\Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)} x^{a-1} (1-x)^{b-1}$$
 if $0 \le x \le 1$; $a, b > 0.0$
 $f(x) = 0$ otherwise.

One of four algorithms is used to generate the variates depending on the values of a and b. Let α be the maximum and β be the minimum of a and b. Then the algorithms are as follows:

If $\alpha < 0.5$

Jöhnk's algorithm is used, see for example Dagpunar [3]. This generates the beta variate as $u_1^{1/a}/(u_1^{1/a}+u_2^{1/b})$, where u_1 and u_2 are uniformly distributed random variates.

If $\beta > 1$

The algorithm BB given by Cheng [2] is used. This involves the generation of an observation from a beta distribution of the second kind by the envelope rejection method using a log-logistic target distribution and then transforming it to a beta variate.

If $\alpha > 1$ and $\beta < 1$

The switching algorithm given by Atkinson [1] is used. The two target distributions used are $f_1(x) = \beta x^{\beta}$ and $f_2(x) = \alpha (1-x)^{\beta-1}$, along with the approximation to the switching parameter of $t = (1-\beta)/(\alpha+1-\beta)$.

In all other cases

Cheng's BC algorithm, see [2], is used with modifications suggested by Dagpunar [3]. This algorithm is similar to BB, used when $\beta > 1$, but is tuned for small values of a and b.

4 References

- [1] Atkinson A C (1979) A family of switching algorithms for the computer generation of beta random variates *Biometrika* **66** 141–5
- [2] Cheng R C H (1978) Generating beta variates with nonintegral shape parameters Comm. ACM 21 317–322
- [3] Dagpunar J (1988) Principles of Random Variate Generation Oxford University Press
- [4] Hastings N A J and Peacock J B (1975) Statistical Distributions Butterworths

[NP3445/2/pdf] G05FEF.1

5 Parameters

1: A - real

On entry: the parameter, a, of the beta distribution.

Constraint: A > 0.0.

2: B-real

On entry: the parameter, b, of the beta distribution.

Constraint: B > 0.0.

3: N — INTEGER Input

On entry: the number, n, of pseudo-random numbers to be generated.

Constraint: $N \ge 1$.

4: X(N) — real array Output

On exit: the n pseudo-random variates from the specified beta distribution.

5: IFAIL — INTEGER Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $A \le 0.0$, or $B \le 0.0$, or N < 1.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

To generate an observation, y, from the beta distribution of the second kind from an observation, x, generated by G05FEF the transformation, y = x/(1-x), may be used.

9 Example

The example program prints a set of five pseudo-random variates from a beta distribution with parameters a = 2.0 and b = 2.0, generated by G05FEF after initialisation by G05CBF.

The generator mechanism used is selected by an initial call to G05ZAF.

G05FEF.2 [NP3445/2/pdf]

9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
GO5FEF Example Program Text
     NAG Fortran SMP Library, Release 2. NAG Copyright 2000.
      .. Parameters ..
     INTEGER
                       NOUT
     PARAMETER
                       (NOUT=6)
      INTEGER
     PARAMETER
                       (N=5)
      .. Local Scalars ..
     INTEGER
                      IFAIL, J
      .. Local Arrays ..
     DOUBLE PRECISION X(N)
      .. External Subroutines ..
     EXTERNAL
                      GO5CBF, GO5FEF, GO5ZAF
      .. Executable Statements ..
      CALL GO5ZAF('0')
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'GO5FEF Example Program Results'
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
     IFAIL = 0
     CALL GO5CBF(0)
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Beta Dist --- A=2.0, B=2.0'
     CALL GO5FEF(2.0D0,2.0D0,N,X,IFAIL)
     WRITE (NOUT,99999) (X(J),J=1,N)
     STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,F10.4)
     END
```

9.2 Program Data

None.

9.3 Program Results

```
Beta Dist --- A=2.0, B=2.0
0.7229
0.4079
0.8023
0.2555
0.0946
```

GO5FEF Example Program Results

[NP3445/2/pdf] G05FEF.3 (last)